

## Physics TRANSITION PACK GCSE to A level

## Course Information

Your A Level physics will be brought to you in various lectures, workshops and practical laboratory sessions by an experienced lecturer: Tom Hogg(hoggt@chesterfield.ac.uk)

The A level is taught as a series of modules which are all examined at the end of year one (for AS level qualifications) or at the end of year 2 (for A level qualifications). The modules are quite different compared to what you will be used to at GCSE, here are some





Astrophysics option



Particle physics and the quantum scale

Nuclear physics



### Physics modules

Waves and optics

Thermal physics

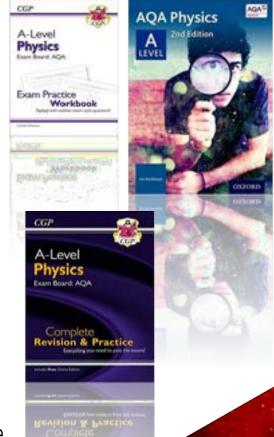


Mechanics and further mechanics





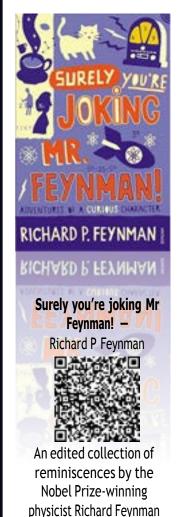
We recommend the following text book and revision guides





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# Book recommendations





A scientific exploration into the amazing things that happen in science fiction - from phasers to time travel.



A book examining some of the universe's greatest mysteries. Science is very important in solving problems on planet Earth



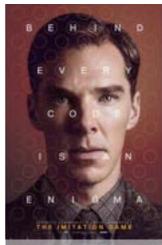
This book uncovers how some of our planet's beautiful sights and events are forged by just a handful of natural forces



## film recommendations



with no food or oxygen?





The true story about the development of the first computer in the second world war.





A film depicting the life of Stephan Hawking and the discoveries he has made.



An exploration into black holes and exoplanets.





## Baseline Assessment

Please complete this baseline assessment. You can use the internet and any resources to help you. You will need a calculator.

The following 40 minute test is designed to test your recall, analysis and evaluative skills and knowledge.

Remember to use your exam technique: look at the command words and the number of marks each question is worth.

A suggested mark scheme is provided for you to check your answers.

A single piece of graph paper is required for the completion of the assessment. You may use a calculator.

Question	Topic	Score
Number		
1	Symbols and Prefixes	/3
2	Standard Form	/4
3	Re-arranging Equations	/3
4	Atomic Structure	/3
5	Recording Data	/3
6	Graphing	/4
7	Forces and Motion	/10
8	Electrical Circuits	/5
9	Waves	/5
		Total /40



#### Q1 Complete the following table:

+

Unit prefix	Meaning
k (kilo)	x 1000
100 AM	X 0.000001
M (mega)	
N (nano)	

[3]

Q2

- a) Write the following numbers into standard form.
  - i. 0.012
  - ii. 120000
  - iii. 0.00000012

[3]

- b) Complete the following calculations and write your answers to an appropriate number of significant figures.
  - i. 2.1 X 0.15

ii. 0.345 ÷ 0.114

Chesterfield College



Q3 Re-arrange the following equations to make R the subject of the equation.

- a) Q = WERTY
- b)  $Q^2 = WR^2$
- c)  $Q = W RT^2$

Q4

- a) Name the 3 particles (from GCSE) that make up an atom.
- b) Which one of the above particles is not found in the nucleus of an atom?
- c) Which of the above particles will be found in varying quantities in the nuclei of isotopes of the same element?



Q5

#### a) Complete the following table

Voltage ()		(A)	
voltage (/	Repeat 1	Repeat 2	Average
2	0.23	0.26	0.25
4	0.46	0.53	
6	0.69	0.78	0.74
8	0.92	1.04	0.98
10	1.15	1.30	1.23

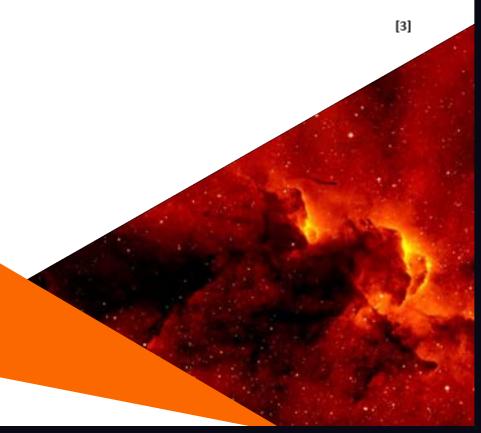
[3]

Q6

a) Use your piece of graph paper to plot a graph of Current (x-axis) against Voltage (y-axis) drawing a line of best fit through your data points.

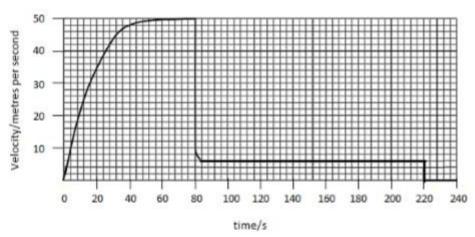
[4]

b) Find the gradient of your line of best fit





Q7 The graph below shows the journey of a skydiver after they have left the plane.



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### TRANSITION PACK GCSE to A level

b) Calculate the distance travelled whilst at the second terminal velocity.

[2]

c) Calculate the average acceleration in the first 20 seconds.

[2]

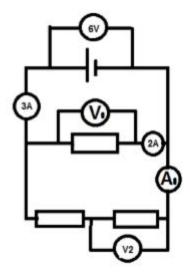
Q8

a) Draw a circuit diagram to show how the resistance of a filament bulb could be measured using an ammeter and a voltmeter.

[2]



b) Look at the circuit diagram below. All of the resistors are identical.



Write the missing values of current and potential difference:

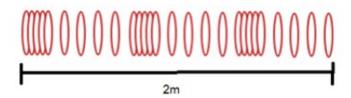
i. V1 =

ii. V2 =

iii. A1 =



Q9 The image below shows a diagram of 3 complete longitudinal wave oscillations on a slinky:



a)	State the wave	length of	the	wave	shown

\_\_\_\_\_\_[1]

 Label a complete wavelength on the diagram above with the correct symbol used for wavelength in GCSE and A Level Physics

[1]

c) If the above wave had a frequency of 5Hz how long would it take an individual hoop to complete 1 full oscillation?

[1]

d) Calculate the speed of the wave

 $wavespeed = frequency \times wavelength$ 

